

JSNA newsflash

The Richmond Story 2014/15

The Richmond Story is a snapshot of the local needs identified through the joint strategic needs assessment (JSNA) process¹ and informs commissioning intentions.

What does this mean for Richmond?

A few highlights from the Richmond Story are included under the headings below. Please read the full Richmond Story 2014/15 [here](#).

Overall, Richmond is healthy, safe and rich in asset. BUT areas where we can improve include:

Maximising prevention opportunities

Including:

- Despite favourable comparison with London and England, estimated numbers of people in Richmond with unhealthy lifestyles are substantial: an estimated 20,400 adults smoke, 3000 primary school aged children are overweight or obese, and 29,900 residents report not being active for 30 minutes per week.
- The under 75 mortality rate from respiratory disease (12.8/100,000) and cancer (75.6/100,000) considered preventable is mid-range
- Recent evidence is emerging that healthy lifestyles such as avoidance of tobacco, alcohol, poor diet and physical inactivity can reduce the risk of dementia

Reducing health inequalities

Including:

- Life expectancy is about 7 years lower for men and 4 years lower for women in the most deprived than in the least deprived areas within Richmond
- An estimated 4,065 children in Richmond are living in poverty
- The difference in the percentage of work age adults who are receiving mental health services who are employed and the percentage of all respondents who are employed in Richmond (65.3%) is in the bottom quartile compared to London

Minimising hidden harms and threats to health

Including:

- Screening coverage of eligible women for breast (70.3%) and cervical (71.9%) cancers is worse than the national averages
- Childhood MMR vaccination coverage in Richmond is below the England average

- Prevalence of diagnosed HIV is one of the lowest in London, but still higher than the England average, and Richmond is officially classed as a 'high prevalence' area.
- Approximately 15,800 provide some level of unpaid care

Planning for increasing numbers of people with multiple long term conditions

Including:

- Nearly one in three people registered with a GP in Richmond has one or more long-term condition and nearly one in ten has three or more.
- Around 2,073 (15%) emergency admissions (costing £4.2 million per year) are for potentially preventable conditions
- The employment rate of those with long-term health condition is 13.2% lower than the overall employment rate
- Deaths in hospital have reduced year on year since the implementation of the End of Life Care Strategy in 2008

¹ The JSNA is the ongoing process to describe the current and future health and wellbeing needs of the local population to inform services. It provides a framework for improving local health and wellbeing and addressing inequalities.

Contact details

Public Health Team

JSNA@richmond.gov.uk

We welcome feedback and are continually reviewing processes and products.

As new information becomes available, we aim to rapidly distribute with a local commentary via our Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) newflashes. We'd welcome your feedback. Please send your comments directly to JSNA@richmond.gov.uk or to the Public Health Team.

Joint Strategic Needs Assessments for the borough of Richmond are available at www.richmond.gov.uk/jsna.



Richmond

Clinical Commissioning Group